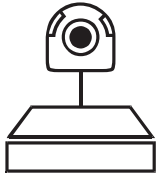
**Unit 6, Lesson 31**

Visual 1

ANNUAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Year	Annual Unemployment Rate
1990	5.6
1991	6.8
1992	7.5
1993	6.9
1994	6.1
1995	5.6
1996	5.4
1997	4.9
1998	4.5
1999	4.2
2000	4.0
2001	4.8
2002	5.8

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

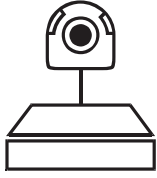


Unit 6, Lesson 31
Visual 2

**MEASURING UNEMPLOYMENT: A LABOR
MARKET MYSTERY, JANUARY 2001**

**THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
REPORTED TODAY THAT:**

- Unemployment increased in January.
- The number of unemployed rose by about 300,000 to nearly 6.0 million, pushing the unemployment rate from 4.0 to 4.2 percent.
- Payroll employment rose by 268,000 jobs.
- Construction employment alone increased by 145,000.
- *How can the unemployment rate increase when more people are getting jobs?*



Unit 6, Lesson 31

Visual 3

TRUE/FALSE CLUES

A. Employed people are people with jobs.

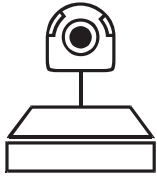
True or False?

B. Unemployed people are people without jobs.

True or False?

C. The civilian labor force is the number of people aged 16 years and older who are not in the armed forces.

True or False?



Unit 6, Lesson 31

Visual 4

EMPLOYMENT DEFINITIONS

- The Bureau of Labor Statistics is the government agency that tracks the number of people who are employed and unemployed.
- The civilian labor force is the number of people aged 16 years and older who are not in the armed forces and who are employed or are seeking employment.
- Employed people are people with jobs.
- The unemployment rate is the percentage of the civilian labor force that is unemployed.